Announcing the Final Examination of Khurram Soomro for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy

Time & Location: November 3, 2017 at 2:00 PM in HEC 101C
Title: ONLINE, SUPERVISED AND UNSUPERVISED ACTION LOCALIZATION IN VIDEOS

Action recognition involves classification of a given video in terms of a set of action labels, whereas action localization determines the location of an action in addition to its class. Many of the existing action localization approaches exhaustively search (spatially and temporally) for an action in a video. However, as the search space increases with high resolution and longer duration videos, it becomes impractical to use such sliding window techniques. The first part of this dissertation presents an efficient approach for localizing actions by learning contextual relations between different video regions in training. In testing, we use the context information to estimate the probability of each supervoxel belonging to the foreground action and use Conditional Random Field (CRF) to localize actions.

In the above method and typical approaches to this problem, localization is performed in an offline manner where all the frames in the video are processed together. This prevents timely localization and prediction of actions/interactions— an important consideration for many tasks including surveillance and human-machine interaction. Therefore, in the second part of this dissertation we propose an online approach to the challenging problem of localization and prediction of actions/interactions in videos. In this approach, we use human poses and superpixels at each frame to train discriminative appearance models and perform online prediction of actions/interactions with Structural SVM.

Above two approaches rely on human supervision in the form of assigning action class labels to videos and annotating actor bounding boxes in each frame of training videos. Therefore, in the third part of this dissertation we address the problem of unsupervised action localization. Given unlabeled data without annotations, this approach aims at: 1) Discovering action classes using a discriminative clustering approach, and 2) Localizing actions using a variant of Knapsack problem.

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Approved for distribution by Mubarak Shah, Committee Chair, on October 6, 2017.

The public is welcome to attend.